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FOR TOM'S SAKE.

Outside the apple trees were black and silver in the moonlight, and the daffodils that bordered the path shone faintly golden. Inside the two old women rocked and knitted. It had been so long since either had spoken that the last words seemed like dim memories of some far distant past. When Martha Whipple brought her chair to a sudden stop, the movement had something startling in it. She leaned forward impressively, her round florid face settling into heavy lines of determination.

"It's borne in on me to say something to you, Mary," she began. "I've put out to do it more'n once, an' then I backed out. It's jest what everybody's sayin'. I hope you won't lay it up against me if I tell you what's for your own good. It's four years now since Tom went away, an' three since he was married, an' he ain't never come home though he knows you're a-lookin' for him. I guess there ain't been a night since he was married that you ain't lit up the best room an' opened the front door as if you thought he an' that city wife of his might come walkin' up the path any minute. Sometimes I've got fairly cryin' over it. All this time you've been a-watchin' an' waitin', an' you have never set eyes on him nor his wife nor baby. Now I tell you what it is: I'd jest make up my mind if I was you to let it all go. 'Tain't right for a perfessor to wear herself out so."

She stopped short, staring at her friend. The little old woman had risen to her feet, trembling with excitement. "We've been neighbors thirty years, Martha Whipple," she said, "but if you say another word I'll never forgive you as long as you live. I guess you had better go. I guess it would be safer so, an' besides, I've got considerable to do to-night. I didn't tell you before, but I'm goin' down to Tom's to-morrow."

Miss Martha had risen with tragic indignation, but the news was too much for her. She turned back in undisguised amazement.

"For the land's sake, why didn't you say so?" she exclaimed. "Can't I help you to get ready? How long do you calculate to stay?"

"I calculate I'll be gone about a week. Being the spring of the year, I can't stay longer, for there's the garden to see to. I ain't got much to do to get ready. If you'd feed the cat once a day—'twouldn't do no good to bring him over; he wouldn't stay—but I'll leave a saucer on the back porch, an' you can put his milk there."

"I will certain," answered Miss Martha. She had quite forgotten her resentment in the keen relish of the news. The sewing circle would meet the next day. She looked back when she reached the doorway and bade her neighbor good night.

"Good-night," the older woman answered. Her voice had a curious, half frightened tone in it, and her eyes were full of dismay. She gave a sigh of relief and shut the door; then she looked around her, and the look was that of an exile about to leave home forever.

"I dunno what made me say it," she cried. "I said it before I thought, an' now I've got to go. An' I don't know how I can either, with things all startling to bloom so pretty. An' Tom might come too. Supposin' we should pass each other, an' he come while I'm gone. But I've got to go." Folks don't say any such things about Tom, as if Tom wouldn't be glad to see his mother!"

When morning came, he made herself a cup of tea before going carefully over the house for the last time. Then she dragged her valise out on the doorstep and locked the front door behind her.

When the stage came she walked steadily down the path between the daffodils. She looked straight ahead, but her old face was working pitifully, and the yellow blossoms seemed to dance like flickering lights before her eyes.

The day was close and sultry, an unseasonable one for spring. The old woman sat bolt upright beside her valise, holding her ticket in her hand. As they left the fresh air of the hills the heat became worse. She grew faint, and a terrible fear began to creep over her that she would never reach the city.

As they neared the city the train began to be crowded. Presently a lady stopped beside her and asked if the seat was engaged. She did not understand the phrase; but, obeying a sudden instinct for companionship, she moved her valise.

"You can set here if you want to," she said. "The car's real full now."

The lady thanked her and took the seat. She was evidently used to traveling. The old woman looked at her wistfully. Presently she leaned over and touched her.

"Is—is Boston very big?" she asked timidly.

The lady glanced at her companion with a quick smile that changed as she saw the worried old face.

"It is pretty big," she replied gently. "Are you going there?"

The old woman smiled up at her eagerly. "Yes," she said, "I thought I'd go. You see, my boy Tom he married, an' haven't seen him for four years. I ain't even seen the baby. They kept telling me to come, and last night I made up my mind to, an' I up an' started. I hope it won't be hard to find the place."

"Won't Tom be at the depot to meet you?" asked the lady indignantly.

The old woman looked up with quick suspicion. "Of course he would if he'd 'a' known," she answered eagerly. "Tom was allus the best boy. But I couldn't seem to make up my mind till last night, an' then I thought I'd surprise them. I picked a bunch of daffodils for him—he used to notice daffodils when he was jest a little fellow—but they're real wilted now."

The stranger tried to cheer her. "Your flowers will freshen in water," she said, "and Tom will feel like a boy again when he sees them. Suppose you tell me the address, and then I can put you on the right cars."

"I'd take it real kind of you," answered Tom's mother gratefully.

She pulled a piece of paper from her glove and unfolded it carefully. The stranger read it, and her face cleared.

"That will be easy to find," she said. It is right on the car line, and the conductor will put you off very near the house if you tell him the number. There, now, let me take your valise and put you on the car."

The old woman rose confusedly; the train had rolled into the depot, and the sudden change of light and sound bewildered her. She clutched the flowers and looked with desperate eyes across the crowd. Then, before she realized what had happened, her friend had put her on a car and said good-bye. She had never seen a street car before, and she clung to the seat, her tired, frightened face, set in lines of rigid endurance.

Every moment she expected an accident, and when the conductor helped her off her first feeling was one of almost incredulous relief, when suddenly she saw the number that she wanted and darted forward. She was panting with the weight of the valise, but she did not know it. She hurried up the high stone steps and eagerly rang the bell.

The bell echoed through the house, but no one came. She pulled it again and again, a nervous terror stealing over her. She must make Tom hear! Presently a window opened in the next house, and a girl's pretty face smiled down at her.

"Did you want to see Mrs. Haswell?" she called. "They went away yesterday."

The old woman looked up. Her hand dropped from the bell.

"What did you say, dear?" she faltered. "I didn't understand. I want to see Tom. I'm his mother."

The girl's pretty face softened with quick pity. She left the window and ran down the steps and across to the old woman.

"I'm so sorry," she said gently. "Do you not understand? They've gone away. I don't know when they'll be back. They couldn't tell. Oh, don't look so! Come in our house and rest. You must come. You can't stay here, you know."

The people were very good to her. She wanted to go back that night, and they had to tell her over and over that there was no train before they could make her understand, and even then she seemed dazed and bewildered. So they gave her a quiet room and left her alone. For hours she sat there in the dark trying to order her dizzy thoughts, and gradually one idea became clear that no one must ever know. It was all her fault, all hers, but people would not understand, and they would blame Tom, and they must not blame him.

In the morning she was pale and tired, but quite her old self again. The girl was delighted at the change and sat beside her at breakfast, coaxing her to eat, and finally went to the depot with her and put her on the train. When late in the afternoon the train began climbing up in the hills once more, she pushed open the window and breathed the keen air with a sigh of deep content. She had left the city behind forever.

The train would reach Holmesburg about 7. Four miles before that was Farrar's, a new station, and between Farrar's and Holmesburg was a road nearly all through the woods and not much used except in Summer. She had never been over this road but once, but she was sure she could find the way. Only one or two other people, strangers to her, left the train at Farrar's. That was as she had hoped, and she plunged resolutely into the woods. It was a long walk, and her valise was heavy for her. As it grew dark, too, she began to stumble on the road. She had to stop and rest more and more frequently, but her resolution never faltered.

It was 10 o'clock when she finally reached the house. She had crept around through back ways and felt sure she had not been seen. Indeed, for an hour the lights had been out in the houses. She stood still for a moment in the sweet, silent night. The apple trees were all silver in the moonlight, and the daffodils gleamed faintly down the path. She unlocked the door and dragged in her valise. She was home at last.

For a moment she stood thinking. Then softly opening the door she crept out to the wood pile. As she was returning with her arms full she stumbled over an animal at the door. Checking her exclamation, she leaned down. It was her cat purring softly about her feet. With a little cry of joy she picked him up and carried him into the house with her. She made a fire and went busily to work, so that by daylight, when she put out her fire, her breakfast was ready, and fresh bread and cakes were in the closet. About eight o'clock she heard Miss Martha come and call the cat. After she had gone the old woman took in the milk and gave it to him, but she did not let him go out—she wanted some one to talk to.

She was very lonely and oppressed by a strange sense of unreality. As she sat behind her closed blinds and watched the neighbors go by she felt almost as if she had died and from another world was looking back upon her old life. Once the minister came to the gate, and she heard Miss Martha call across to him that Miss Haswell was in the city visiting her son. A hot flush burned in her cheeks, and she turned hastily away.

Monday was the last day of her imprisonment. At daylight Tuesday she slipped out of the house with her valise and began the journey back to Farrar's.

The first up train from Boston came at ten o'clock so that she had several hours to wait, but she had known that, and until the station was opened she sat on the platform outside with stoical patience. When the train came, she rode the four miles back to Holmesburg and then took the stage to the house. She drew a long breath as she walked again up the path between the daffodils. She went in the front door and began pulling up the shades and uncovering all the ornaments. When Martha came over, she talked much of the city and of Tom's nice neighbors, but little of Tom and his family. After her visitor had left she dropped her face in her hands.

"Oh, Lord, I hope I ain't done anything dreadful," she cried, "but I couldn't let her say anything against Tom—I couldn't."

She looked very old and tired as she went feebly about getting supper and for once she forgot to set open the front door. She remembered it as she was going to sit down to her supper, and she hurried to open it. A young man was just coming with springing steps up the path between the daffodils—a sturdy young man, with a yellow haired baby in his arms. She looked at him absently, but he ran forward and caught her.

"Mother, mother, don't you know me" he cried as he hugged and kissed her.

After supper she went over to the Whipples. Tom sat out under the apple trees, as he used to do years ago, but Tom's baby was clinging to her with one dimpled hand, while the other was full of daffodils. Miss Martha met her at the gate.

"Well, now I guess you are happy," she said, "When I see you come, thinks I. "Well that explains it. I couldn't understand what made Mary seem so sort o' numb this afternoon, but now I see. An' tals is Tom's baby! It certainly does favor him! Do come in——"

"I've got somethin' to tell you first," she said, "I deceived you awfully, Martha. I was mad because of what you said about Tom, so I went off in a hurry, an' when I got to the city the house was all closed up. Flora's mother was taken sick sudden, an' they had gone there, but I didn't know it then. Some folks was real good to me and took me in, an' I came back the next day. I've been livin' in the house ever since. I thought folks would talk against Tom if they knew it, an' I wasn't goin' to have it."

She was looking ashamed, yet defiant. But Martha was blind to all fine expressions. "For the land's sake," she exclaimed, "you've been living there all the week!"

"Yes. I got off at Farrar's an' come through the woods. I want you should tell everybody. 'Twas real wicked of me, but I wasn't goin' to have anybody talkin' against Tom. He'll come over an' see you to-morrow before he goes, but the baby's goin' to stay with me all Summer. Flora's mother is real sick, and Flora's got to be there. I must go back now an' see Tom, but I wanted you to know what I had done.

"Come along, Mary."

Martha's eyes followed her with admiring interest.

"The baby's named for you, ain't she" she said.

The old woman turned back, her face all alight.

"Yes," she answered. "Tom said she shouldn't have any name but his mother's. Tom allus was good to his mother."

She stopped a moment and then caught the child up in a passion of tenderness. Her bright brown eyes looked with sudden softening over the yellow baby head.

"She ain't ever goin' to do such a wicked thing as her grandmother did," she said.

Then she went silently back between the rows of daffodils to Tom.—Household Companion.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

In the Russian town of Jelabuga there was recently unveiled a monument to a local Joan of Arc. Her name was Nadyeshada Andreyevna Durova, and she died in 1866, aged eighty-three. Impelled by patriotism, she had, as a young woman, enlisted in the army and distinguished herself for bravery.

The somewhat unbelievable news comes from the Klondike that two petrified ships have been found near the head waters of the Porcupine. Each of the ships is described as about one hundred feet long, and of ancient origin, being built like the old viking vessels. The ships are now 4000 feet above the sea level.

By a great blast at Bonawe Quarry, in Argyllshire, in which 20,000 pounds of gunpowder was used, upwards of a quarter of a million tons of granite were displaced. The mine was driven into the center of the quarry face for 70 feet, with two arms each reaching 50 feet. It was the first attempt in any of the granite quarries to pierce by rock drills and compressed air, and was carried out in the short time of ten weeks.

The dwarfs as well as giants are caught in the net of compulsory military service, and the last conscription in France has brought out a recruit of very diminutive size. His name is Francois Finas; he comes from Montmelian; his height is 3 feet 3 inches; he weighs only 4 stones 3 pounds; he cannot carry a flag or keep step with his comrades, but trots after them as they march through the town. It remains to be seen whether the medical officers will reject this warrior as unfit.

The bioscope is proving itself to be an instrument of some value in scientific investigation. At Harvard university Professor Richards and Mr. Archibald have made a series of instantaneous micro-photographs of growing crystals, their object being to determine the manner in which crystallization begins. With high microscopic powers some observers have thought that they could detect the formation of minute globules immediately preceding the appearance of crystal forms. But the new bioscopic pictures of forming and growing crystals show only crystalline shapes from the beginning. They also reveal the fact that the growth in diameter in the first second of a crystal's existence is vastly more rapid than during the subsequent period, and it is thought that this swift growth at the start is the cause of a lack of the definition which deceives the eye but not the photographic film.

REFORMING THE TARIFF!

EFFECT OF PREVIOUS EFFORTS IN THIS DIRECTION.

When Congressman DeArmond Tried It Eight Years Ago the Mules in Osage Township "Skeerd" at It Worse Than at a Locomotive Whistle.

In 1894 Mr. DeArmond came home to the bosom of his political family fresh from the halls of a Congress which had labored long and hard with the question of "tariff reform. He came direct to Clinton, and was received under an arbor, where he spoke to the dear people on this subject for two hours. The Republican had hired a Democratic court stenographer to take the Congressman's speech, that it might be preserved for posterity, but, after the oration had been delivered, the stenographer was bought, and the Republican could never get that speech in long hand for love or money. Mr. DeArmond spoke as one direct from the fountain head. He came straight from Washington, where he had seen George Vest laboring with "tariff reform" on the floor of the Senate, and he brought with him doubtless, though not for display, Grover Cleveland's denunciation of the "tariff reform" of himself and his colleagues, branded as "party perfidy and dishonor." All over the Sixth District Mr. DeArmond talked "tariff reform," and when the polls closed on the night of the election his majority of thousands had dwindled down to less than a hundred, and it's ancient history that, had Bob Lewis tried, he could have been the member from the Sixth Missouri at the next session of Congress. The reason for all this was that the peculiar brand of "tariff reform" advocated by Mr. DeArmond had been working in the Sixth District and the people were experiencing some of its peculiarities. Up in Shawnee Township, Charlie Powers was buying mule colts for $15 a head. The stock feeders were selling their fat cattle in the Kansas City markets for about what the hide and horns were worth under a protective tariff. Calves were worth about the price of jack rabbits, and horses sold on the streets of Clinton for $5 a head. The banks were as good as closed, and gilt-edged paper could not get a hundred dollars for thirty days. Bank presidents spent their time whispering to each other, while the cashiers whittled boxes on street corners. The mills shut down and there was no market for their products; the coal mines followed suit because coal was not needed at the mills. People had plenty and to spare, but no person wanted the surplus. Long trains loaded with Mexican cattle were running through the country and the fat steers of Henry County were not worth shipping. Since that time our Congressman has let tariff reform severely alone as a political issue when speaking his little piece to the people in this neck of the woods, and has had free silver, anti-imperialism, anti-Americanism, down with Republican rural mail carriers and down with the trusts as his plea, but the "hants" have ceased to frighten the mossbacks and doubtless Mr. DeArmond has concluded that his ancient argument and its dire result has been forgotten, and when he comes home again he will spring it as something fresh upon the voters. "Tariff reform!" The dog blamed thing almost knocked this county silly the only time it was ever tried, and they say that even the mules in Osage township "skeer" at it worse than at a locomotive whistle.—Henry County (Mo.) Republican.

LYING ABOUT WAGES.

Free Traders Trying to Distort and Negative the Facts of Prosperity.

The article by Byron W. Holt, relative to the alleged decrease of wages in New Jersey, sent out by the Free Trade League, was incorporated in a speech made by Congressman Miers, of Indiana, in the House of Representatives, March 7. Mr. Miers used all of Mr. Holt's incorrect figures and percentages and many more besides. This is what he said about New Jersey. We quote from the Congressional Record:

"In New Jersey we find by these same census figures that in 1890 the average wages earned in the various manufacturing industries was $2.24 a day, and in 1900 only $1.52 a day, thus showing a terrible decline of 32 per cent. in wages in New Jersey during the ten years following 1890."

The above statement or a similar one is now going the rounds of the free trade press. It is false, as Mr. Miers and Mr. Holt and the Free Trade League know. Just why New Jersey is singled out is not apparent, but it may be well to nail this lie once for all. The figures, as given out by the Census Bureau for manufacturing industries of New Jersey, are as follows:

	1900.	1890.	P. c. of inc'se.
No. of establishments ..	15,481	9,225	67.8
Capital	$503,824,082	$250,805,745	100.9
Wage earners, av. number.	241,581	173,778	39.0
Total wages...	110,088,605	82,944,118	32.7
Mis. expenses.	42,649,143	18,438,052	131.0
Cost of materials used ..	360,941,870	189,365,740	90.6
Value of products	611,728,933	354,573,571	72.5

The figures for wages and wage earners differ somewhat, but not relatively, from those given in the summary of the eleventh census.

It will be seen that the percentage of increase in number of wage earners is apparently somewhat larger than the percentage of increase in total wages. This is due to the fact that a different method was used, and and the superintendent tells us that a strict comparison cannot be safely made. The fact remains, however, that in New Jersey, as in every other State in the Union, wages increased between 1890 and 1900, and have increased considerably more during the past two years.

Not Worrying.

While Mr. Bryan is frothing at the mouth Mr. Cleveland is quietly laughing in his sleeve and arranging his trout flies for a day's fishing. Mr. Cleveland knows that the worried horse always champs the bit.—Los Angeles Times.

NAVAL OFFICERS GO TO JAIL

Four Americans Sentenced For a Street Row in Venice.

THEY MUST ALSO PAY DAMAGES

Captain Wynne Sentenced to Over Four Months in Prison and Two Other Officers to Three Months Each—May Have Been the Victims of a Device Known as the "Trick Table."

Venice.—Captain Robert F. Wynne, commanding the marine guard of the United States cruiser Chicago; Robert E. Ledbetter, Assistant Surgeon of the Chicago; Lieutenant John S. Doddridge, of the Chicago, and a marine named Wilfred Langley, who were arrested on the charge of disorderly conduct, were brought up at the San Marco Police Court here.

Captain Wynne was sentenced to four months and ten days' imprisonment. The other prisoners were sentenced to three months' imprisonment each. All the prisoners were sentenced to pay costs and damages.

At their trial the prisoners admitted that they were intoxicated when the disorders occurred and pleaded that they acted in self-defense when mobbed by the crowd. The Public Prosecutor demanded a sentence of seven months' imprisonment for Assistant Surgeon Ledbetter and sentences of six months' imprisonment for the others.

It is understood that the prisoners will pay the costs of the trial and compensate the persons who sustained injuries as a result of their disorderly conduct. Two of the injured persons claim $800 each.

Washington, D. C.—The refusal of the authorities at Venice to release the officers of the United States cruiser Chicago who were arrested on charges of creating a disturbance and resistance to the police, has given rise to the belief in naval circles that the affair is regarded as serious in Italy. The naval regulations are so comprehensive that they permit the trial of officers and men by court-martial for offenses committed ashore and tried by a civil tribunal.

Secretary Long does not expect any international trouble from the arrests. He said that if the officers concerned had violated any Italian laws they must stand the consequence and not expect this Government to interfere.

Some officers on duty in the Navy Department, who have had experience in the Mediterranean service, think the American sailors may have been the victims of what is known as the "trick table," a device used in some of the saloons frequented by foreign sailors, constructed to collapse at a slight touch, breaking dishes and glasses, whereupon a claim is immediately made for extortionate damages.

According to a dispatch from Rome, the American officers arrested at Venice asserted that they simply tried to free themselves for defense against some people exasperated by their involuntary upsetting of tables in a cafe. They denied the charge of rebellion against the police. The commander of the Chicago, Captain James H. Dayton, accompanied by the American Consul, visited the Prefect of Venice, and expressed regret at the incident. Captain Dayton also ordered all the men of the cruiser who were ashore on leave to return to the Chicago. He also took energetic measures to prevent further disorders, and threatened severe punishment.

POWDER MILL EXPLOSION.

Five Lives Lost and Ten Buildings Destroyed at Shenandoah, Pa.

Shenandoah, Pa.—An explosion occurred at the plant of the Shenandoah Powder Mills Company, of this city. Five men were instantly killed and the plant with a capacity of 500 kegs a day, valued at $19,000, was demolished. It consisted of ten buildings. The dead are: Amos Yarnell, aged forty-three, foreman; Alexander Lindermuth, aged forty, chief powder maker; Elmer Slauffer, aged twenty-eight, laborer; Irwin Wolfe, aged twenty-six, and John Rupert, aged twenty-four.

Oliver Murray, head powder maker, working in the charcoal house, noticed the dust catch fire, and, seeing that an explosion was inevitable, he called to Michael Gunter and Pierce Sharpe, his helpers, to flee for their lives. All three ran for the mountain and escaped, shouting and crying at the top of their voices to the five other men in the buildings, who failed to hear them. Shortly after the explosion came, and it was heard for many miles around.

Death Caused by Tight Corsets.

Frankie Friend, aged twenty-seven, of Norwalk, Ohio, got off a railroad car at Lorain faint and weak. She was assisted to the waiting room by two women, and later sent to a physician's office. She was dead when placed on a couch. A post mortem showed her heart to be entirely out of place on account of her corset, which was ten sizes too small.

Fatal Nitro-Glycerine Explosion.

One hundred quarts of nitro-glycerine exploded at Sanco Creek, Tyler County, W. Va., killing Edward Dalton and Byron N. Gerry, both engaged in shooting a well. Considerable adjacent property was also destroyed.

Murderer Commits Suicide in Jail.

Martin Lynch, a middle-aged laboring man, who murdered his wife a few days ago by riddling her body with bullets, hanged himself in his cell in jail at Cleveland, Ohio. He tied a sheet to the knob of the door, tied the other end about his neck and strangled himself.

Herkimer, Kansas, Burned Out.

Every business house but two in Herkimer, Kan., was destroyed by fire. The loss is $100,000.

The Sporting World.

About 300 harness horses are in training at Memphis, Tenn.

J. Reiff has secured a license to ride again on English race courses.

From all through the East and West, even from California and Oregon, it is reported that the wheel is again resuming its former place in the affections of old and young.

The Brannock bill, making it unlawful to trap-shoot any living bird or fowl in Ohio, is now a law, having passed the Senate. The penalty for violation of the law is a fine not to exceed $100 or imprisonment for not to exceed thirty days or both.

FOR SIX NEW WARSHIPS

The Naval Appropriation Bill Reported to the House.

It Provides For Two 16,000-Ton Battleships and Two 14,500-Ton Armored Cruisers of the First Class.

Washington, D. C.—The naval program for 1903, as presented in the Naval Appropriation bill and accompanying report, was filed by Chairman Foss, of the House Naval Committee. The total number of vessels of our Navy, built and building, is 138, and the total cost will be $235,082,209. The report adds:

"Our naval prowess lies almost entirely in our eighteen battleships, eight armored cruisers and twenty-one protected cruisers. The rest of our ships would cut but little figure in actual war. Ships of the battle line practically alone determine the naval strength of a nation.

"Of all the countries, Germany has been building fastest. Her program, to be completed in 1908, possibly in 1907, will give her thirty-eight battleships, fourteen large cruisers, thirty-eight smaller cruisers and ninety-six torpedo boats.

"The committee recommend that the President have constructed two first-class battleships carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance, upon the trial displacement of about 16,000 tons, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action, and to cost, exclusive of armor and armament, not exceeding $4,212,000 each; two first-class armored cruisers of about 14,500 tons trial displacement, to cost, exclusive of armor and armament, not exceeding $4,659,000 each, and two gunboats of about 1000 tons trial displacement.

"The complete cost will approximate $29,500,000. These battleships and cruisers will be larger than any heretofore authorized by Congress, and the plans recommended by the Board of Construction have already excited the favorable comment of the naval authorities abroad."

Provision is made for an increase of the enlisted force of the Navy by 3000 men.

The bill carries $77,659,386, which is slightly below the appropriation made last year. For armor and armament the bill provides for $9,000,000. This is considerably above the estimate, owing to the rapidity with which the armor-makers are turning out their products.

The Naval Academy receives $500,000 to carry on the plan of improvement. The committee calls attention to the lack of officers sufficient to officer the new ships, and 500 additional cadets at the Academy are provided for, 125 each year for the next four years. Each Senator, member, and delegate of the House of Representatives is to have the appointment of one, and the President twenty-four.

FLYING LOCOMOTIVE BLOWS UP.

The Boiler Explodes, Killing the Engineer and Fireman Near Dover, N. J.

Dover, N. J.—By the explosion of its boiler, a mile east of this place, Engine 941, hauling the Hackettstown mail train on the Lackawanna Railroad, was demolished, and its engineer and fireman killed. The victims are: Engineer George Trimmer, of Washington, N. J.; Fireman Joseph Mayberry, of Port Murray, N. J. The accident occurred near the car shops of the road. Just as the train was approaching the shops, the boiler of the engine exploded with a tremendous noise, and the engine turned a complete somersault, going backward a distance of fifty feet. The train consisted of three coaches and a combination car. The first two coaches were derailed and fell over on their sides.

In the first coach were three passengers, none of whom was hurt. There were twenty passengers in the second coach, including a number of women. All of them were taken out safely, some of them being taken through the windows of the car. A few were scratched and bruised, but none seriously hurt. The third coach was derailed, but not upset, and the last coach did not leave the rails. There were about seventy-five passengers on the train.

Coroner Hagen impaneled a jury of six men and viewed the remains of the engineer and fireman. Trimmer, the dead engineer, was sixty-three years old. Besides his wife he leaves four married daughters. Fireman Mayberry was about thirty years old. He leaves a wife and two children.

MURDERED A CHURCH TRUSTEE.

Man Who Kept His Hat On in Church Resented a Request to Remove It.

Hazleton, Pa.—Michael Cherko, aged thirty-eight years, was murdered about 100 feet from the Greek Catholic Church at Freeland during the progress of the Greek Easter services. George Smith is under arrest charged with having committed the crime.

It is alleged that Smith, upon entering the church, failed to remove his hat, and when requested to do so by Cherko, one of the trustees, drew a black jack and assaulted Cherko. The latter ran out at the door, followed by Smith. Cherko had not gone far when Smith, drawing a revolver, shot him through the back, death being instantaneous.

Friends of the dead man overpowered Smith and took him to the station house. The services came to an abrupt termination amid great excitement.

Carnegie Libraries Declined.

Libraries offered Savannah, Ga., and Southbridge, Mass., by Andrew Carnegie have been declined.

Filipino Constabulary Ambushed.

Five men of the constabulary have been ambushed at San Juan del Monte, near Manila. One of the party was killed and one was wounded. The Filipino band consisted of thirty Ladrones, well armed, nearly all of them carrying Mauser rifles.

Gun Burst on British Warship.

During gun practice on the British warship Formidable, near Magdalena Island, a gun burst, killing three marines.

Prominent People.

King Oscar of Sweden possesses a medal for life saving.

Mayor Crane, of Denver, Col., has invented a rotary ore-working machine for use in the gold mines.

Jacob A. Riis has declared that he would decline the position of Governor of the Danish West Indies unless President Roosevelt strongly insists upon his acceptance.

Senator Hanna now possesses the pen with which T. B. Reed, when Speaker of the House of Representatives, attested the passage of the McKinley Tariff act.

GIRLS KILLED IN A PANIC

Accident to a Boy Causes a Catastrophe in Philadelphia.

SOME JUMPED FROM WINDOWS

During a Mad Rush Down a Winding Stairway the Leaders Lost Their Footing and Were Trampled to Death—Girls Fought Like Furies in Their Efforts to Escape From a Cigar Factory.

Philadelphia, Pa.—An unfortunate accident to a deaf-and-dumb boy, Isador Baccus, was directly responsible for the death of eight girls and young women, the fatal injury of three others, and the serious injury of more than two score of girls employed in the cigar factory of Harburger, Homan & Co., a branch of the American Tobacco Company, located at Tenth street and Washington avenue. The injuries consist mainly of bruises about the body and fractured limbs.

The building in which the disaster occurred is a five-story brick structure and reaches an entire block. Twelve hundred persons were at work at the time of the accident, ninety per cent. of whom were girls, whose ages range from twelve years upwards.

The trouble began on the fourth floor. Baccus started for the fifth for a ball of twine. The elevator was at the top of the shaft and Baccus pulled the rope to bring it down. He opened the door leading to the shaft and leaned forward to see where the carriage was. As he did so, the elevator, descending slowly, struck him across the back of the neck, pinioning his head between the elevator and the floor. A boy released Baccus and cried for help.

The foreman rushed from the building to call an ambulance, and immediately there was a panic among the employes. Some of the younger girls fainted, while others cried fire. Instantly there was a mad rush for the stairway leading into Tenth street. The girls rushed down the narrow staircase until they reached a bend in the exit, between the second and third floors. In their eagerness to escape the leaders fell. Others immediately following tripped over the struggling mass of humanity, and in less than a minute there were hundreds of children and young women struggling in the passageway.

The shrieks and screams of the terror-stricken girls could be heard for a block or more. During the excitement an alarm of fire was turned in, but before the engines could reach the scene several of the occupants of the building had rushed to the windows and jumped to the street, a distance of over fifty feet.

Helen Tolini, one of those to jump, was almost instantly killed. When the firemen and policemen arrived every effort was made to quiet the terrorized girls. The firemen rushed up the stairway and begged the girls to be calm, telling them that there was no danger, but the sight of the firemen seemed only to add to the fright. While the policemen and firemen were endeavoring to quiet the girls on the stairway, ladders were being run up on the outside of the building, and the employes who had climbed out on to the fire-escapes and window ledges were quickly taken to the street.

After a few minutes the men were enabled to check the awful crush on the stairway, and then began the work of rescuing those who had been trampled and crushed between the second and third floors. A call for ambulances had been turned in, and as quickly as the dead and injured were carried from the building they were hurried to hospitals.

The panic was over in less than half an hour, but in this brief space thousands of persons had been attracted to the scene by the wild screams of the relatives of the victims and the shrieks of the girls at the windows.

CHINESE BILL PASSED CONGRESS.

Both the House and the Senate Adopted the Conference Report.

Washington, D. C.—The conferees on the Chinese Exclusion bill have reached a complete agreement. Both the House and the Senate have adopted the conference report and the bill was sent to the President.

The agreement strikes out that portion of the Senate bill limiting the extension of all existing laws to the life of the present treaty, and re-enacts them so far as not inconsistent with treaty obligations until otherwise provided by law, and extends the laws to our island territories so far as applicable. It allows Chinese to enter for exhibition purposes and retains the provision regarding certification in the Philippine Islands.

GUNNER MORGAN VICTORICUS.

Wins His Promotion to Rank of Chief Gunner Despite Objections.

Washington, D. C.—Gunner Charles Morgan, who attained prominence following the Spanish War by reason of Admiral Sampson's indorsement upon his application for promotion, has been re-examined for promotion to the grade of chief gunner, and will get the promotion.

Recently a board which examined Gunner Morgan for promotion recommended that he be not advanced because of moral disqualifications. The new Examining Board, however, did not find that any unfitness existed and recommended the advancement. Secretary Long approved the recommendation.

To Test the New Constitution.

The first step has been taken by the negroes of Alabama toward testing the new Constitution of the State, when Nelson Bibb, a negro, made affidavit that he had been denied the right to register, although alleging that he complied with all the qualifications exacted by the Constitution.

Three-Cent Fares in Indianapolis Illegal.

The Indiana Supreme Court has knocked out the Three-Cent Fare law and declared that four cents is the legal street car fare in Indianapolis.

Winter Wheat Improving.

Winter wheat has experienced improvement in Illinois and portions of Missouri, and is slightly improved in Ohio and the Middle Atlantic States. The crop is reported to have suffered no injury as a result of marked temperature extremes.

Venezuela to Use Our Mints.

The Venezuelan Government has decided to use United States mints instead of the Paris mint, as formerly, for the coinage of Bolivars (silver coins worth about twenty cents). About 2,000,000 Bolivars are to be coined.

INJURED ON THE FULTON

Five Men Hurt in an Explosion on the Submarine Boat.

Gas Accumulation Caused the Mishap While Partly Submerged—Accident Occurred at the Delaware Breakwater.

Philadelphia, Pa.—While the submarine boat Fulton was at anchor off the Delaware Breakwater an explosion occurred in a large tank filled with gasolene. Five of the seven men composing the crew were injured and part of the deck was shattered. Lieutenant Arthur MacArthur was cut about the head by bits of iron; Lieutenant Oscar Cohen, of the Austrian Navy, was hurled violently against an iron railing and his back was injured; C. R. Miner and Harry Moore, assistant engineers, had their faces cut by iron, and Moore was nearly asphyxiated by gasolene fumes, as it was some time before he was rescued. Charles Reehtal, a gunner, sustained injuries about the head.

The two men who escaped injury were upon deck, at the stern. The injured men, three of whom were still unconscious, were rowed to the hospital in Lewes, where they were revived. All of them are almost sure to recover.

Captain Frank T. Cable, with First Mate H. H. Morrell and Charles Bergh, was on deck steering the boat, and Lieutenant C. P. Nelson was passing out through the conning tower to the deck, when there was an explosion that threw Lieutenant Nelson clear out on deck and sent the nine men inside the boat into a heap.

The crew of the Fulton had changed watches about ten minutes before the accident occurred. As soon as the explosion occurred every one scrambled out. The engines of the Fulton kept going after the explosion, and Engineer Saunders wrapped a wet towel around his face and went down into the steaming hold to stop them.

The explosion could not be explained. It certainly did not take place in the engines, and was not caused by an ignition of the gasolene in the tanks. Lieutenant MacArthur said he thought it possible that the explosion was caused by an accumulation of air in the tanks of gasolene. The machinery of the boat was evidently uninjured, the injuries to the men being caused by splinters from the woodwork.

The Fulton is not in the naval service. She was built by the Holland Submarine Torpedo Boat Company at the Nixon yard in Elizabethport, N. J., and when the explosion occurred was on her way to Washington, where an exhibition of her ability to move under water was to be given.

CONSUL-GENERAL OSBORNE DEAD.

President Appoints Commissioner Evans to the London Post.

London.—United States Consul-General Osborne died in his residence in Wimbledon. Mr. Osborne's death was not a surprise to his friends. He had been confined to his home since November last, suffering from Bright's disease and dropsy, which finally affected his heart. He was conscious until near the end. Mr. Osborne never had been absolutely well since his arrival in England.

Washington, D. C.—Consul-General Osborne was cousin of President McKinley. He was a resident of Roxbury, Mass., and was appointed to London five years ago. The post is considered to be the plum of the United States foreign service, for the compensation averages about $25,000 a year, and the expenses are not large.

President Roosevelt, as is well known, is a man of quick action. Soon after breakfast he received the notification of the death of Mr. Osborne, and before the Cabinet met at 11:30 a. m. the office had been tendered to H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee, and accepted.

MET DEATH IN A WRECK.

Passenger Train Derailed Near Medill Mo.—The Killed and Injured.

Keokuk, Iowa.—The California limited on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Road, east bound, was derailed on a curve at Cama, a switch five miles west of Medill, Mo., while going at tremendous speed.

Five persons were killed and twenty-three injured. The dead are a five-year-old son of Henry C. Gates, of Australia; Rufus Ruster, waiter in dining car, of Chicago; C. C. Fairbanks, waiter in dining car, of Chicago; S. T. French, of Chicago, and Mr. Westheimer, of San Diego, Cal.

The train was more than an hour late, and passed Wyaconda, the last station west, at sixty-five miles an hour. When it struck the curve at Cama the rails spread.

The train consisted of two mail cars, seven Pullmans and one dining car. The mail car, the dining car and the two forward sleepers went into the ditch. The engine remained on the track.

GIRL SHOT BY SCHOOLBOY.

She Had Teased Him and He Killed Her In the Cloak Room.

Kingston, Ont. — Beatrice Holland, fourteen years old, tipped the hat of Eric Sharp over his eyes in the cloak room of the Frontenac school and the boy, who is only a year older, whipped a revolver from his pocket.

Some Reasons

Why You Should Insist on Having

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Unequaled by any other.
Renders hard leather soft.
Especially prepared.
Keeps out water.
A heavy bodied oil.

HARNESS

An excellent preservative.
Reduces cost of your harness.
Never burns the leather; its
Efficiency is increased.
Secures best service.
Stitches kept from breaking.

OIL

Is sold in all
Localities

Manufactured by
Standard Oil Company.

One-third of the area of Canada is practically unknown. There are more than 1,250,000 square miles of unexplored lands in Canada. The entire area of the Dominion is computed at 3,450,257 square miles; consequently one-third of this country has yet been untraveled by the explorer. Exclusive of the inhospitable dotached arctic portions, 954,000 square miles are for all practical purposes entirely unknown.

Most of this unknown area is distributed in the western half of the Dominion in inpenetrated blocks of from 25,000 to 100,000 square miles—that is, areas as large as the states of Ohio, Kansas or New England are yet a secret to white man.—National Geographic Magazine.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

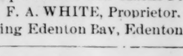
Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Norfolk and Southern R.R.

Schedule in effect Apr 15th, 1902.



TRAIN SERVICE

NORTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz City daily [except Sunday]		2:40, p. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " "	"	4:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City'		9:25, a. m
Arrive at Norfolk	" "	11:00, a. m

SOUTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday)		11:30, a. m
Arrive at Edenton "	" "	12:30, p. m
Arrive Belhaven "	" "	5:20, p. m.
Leave Eliz City [daily except Sunday]		5:45 p. m
Arrive Edenton		6:40 p. m.

Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

Connect at Norfolk with trains to and from Virginia Beach and Currituck Branch Virginia Beach Division

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Schedule in effect February 17, 1902.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday), 7:00 a. m and 1:30 p. m. for Plymouth connects With Washington and Pamlico R. R. for Washington, N. C., and with steamer for Windsor.

Steamer leaves Edenton 12:45 for Jamesville and Williamston Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 12:45, p. m., for Cowan River Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Daily steamboat line between Elizabeth City and New Bern, N. C.—South bound—Leave Elizabeth City—Steamer Neuse, 6:00 p. m Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Steamer Ocracoke, 4 p. m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Both Steamers stop at Roanoke Island and Oriental each way

Steamboat service is subject to conditions of weather, the Company reserves the right to change the hours or leaving without notice and will not be responsible for detention of boats or delays in departure

For further information apply to W. B. Keyes, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

E. K. KING, Gen'l Mngr. H. C. BUDGINS, Gen'l Pt & Pass'r Agt

WANTED To sell interest in good paying business to be established here. Young man preferred. Capital required $750.00. Purchaser will be manager. Good salary attached. Address with references Box 544, Augusta, Ga.

KEATON'S HOTEL,

WM. G SYMONS, & SON, PROPS.,
Main Street, Near Water
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.

TERMS REASONABLE.

BAY VIEW HOTEL

Sample Rooms and Hacks Free.
F. A. WHITE, Proprietor.
Fronting Edenton Bay, Edenton, N.C

GEORGE W. BELL,

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At the Old Stand on Road Street,

N. G. GRANDY & CO,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS.
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HIGH CLASS
FERTILIZERS.
Buyers of Cotton Seed. Dealers in Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Hay, Corn and Oats.
REFERENCES: Citizen's Bank, First National Bank.

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D. C. NEWBERRY. - - Bus. Manager.

HOT SHOT.

North Carolina politics held the attention of the Senate Friday. Senator Pritchard delivered an address on the Philippine question in response to certain utterances of Senator Simmons on the same subject voiced the previous week.

Senator Pritchard was continually interrupted by the junior Senator and as the result of such interruptions he was finally aroused to speak his mind upon the subject of "machine rule" in North Carolina as at present administered by a coterie of Democratic politicians and their partisans

The Senator asserted that the Democratic party in North Carolina enforced taxation without representation and criticised Senator Simmons for charging the same thing to the Republican party with reference to its administration in the Philippines. Senator Pritchard said the constitution of 1868 in North Carolina gave popular elections for all officers from constable to Governor. In 1878 when the Democrats came into power the constitution was so changed, he said, as to permit magistrates to be elected by the legislature, who in turn elected county commissioners; the commissioners levied taxes, and "there," the Senator exclaimed, "we had under Democratic rule taxation without representation. It is strange that my colleague has more solicitude for the brown men 6,000 miles across the ocean than the white men of his own state."

Further continuing the Senator pointed out that: "The laws of the state gave the Democrats power to appoint poll holders. The most corrupt and incompetent men on the coast were appointed to these positions and the result was Democratic victories. Bryan carrried the second district by 6,000 majority. This is the black district where the colored men are in a large majority They were either cheated out of their votes or they voted the Democratic ticket. I will do the fair thing and do not charge cheating."

The Senator spoke somewhat heatedly of the policy of intimidation pursued in this state during the recent campaign, Senator Simmons denied that there had been any such intimidation.

Mr. Pritchard then inquired if it were not a fact that organized bands of "Red Shirts" rode over the State of North Carolina for the purpose of terrorizing Republican voters.

"That organization" (the Red Shirts), replied Mr. Simmons, "never had for its object any bellicose or belligerent purpose toward any part of the voters of North Carolina. It is merely an organization for the purpose of more effectually organizing the voters of the state."

This response, it is stated, provoked prolonged laughter on the floor and in the galleries. With the people of North Carolina, however, it is no laughing matter.

Senator Pritchard then called attention to the fact that the negro has always been brought to the front in politics in North Carolina. If you mention the ten commandments the Democrats holler 'nigger:' and yet many colored people vote with them. It is well known that the Democrats for years made overtures to the negroes, and now they are howling because all did not vote with them. I have always maintained that the best policy of the South was the division of the negro vote."

The Senator in closing made it plain that his attack was directed not at the Democratic party as a whole, but simply at the policy pursued during the last few years by the band of ruthless politicians who have usurped control of that party in North Carolina. He said in part: "I won't charge this to the Democrats of my state," "they are in the main fair and patriotic. It is equally as wrong to charge the Republican party with responsibility for outrages committed in the Philippines. The people of North Carolina are happy and contented. I believe they are in favor of Republican politics, and I believe with a fair election we will carry the state in the next contest. North Carolina was a Whig state and the people have always favored protection."

In the Senate Monday Senator Lodge of Massachusetts made an eloquent defense of the American volunteer, the bete noir of democratic orators.

Governor Russel, it is stated, has written Judge Clark a letter offering to make their correspondence public as requested in Mr. Batchelor's defense of Judge Clark.

Admiral Wm. T. Sampson, of Santiago fame, died suddenly at his home in Washington, D. C., as a result of a cerebral hemorrhage at 11

"CUI BONO."

At the regular monthly meeting of the City Fathers Monday evening, the proposition to open up Water st. which THE CAROLINIAN all too optimistically believed was sleeping the sleep that knows no waking, was suddenly resurrected

The chairman of the committee appointed some moons ago to inqure into the estimated cost of carrying out this project, Mr. H. T. Greenleaf, made a detailed report. He estimated that the probable cost of obtaining the right of way for said street would be $27,500. The idea is to remove the market house and bridge across the river at the north end of Water st. to Pleasant st. and to also remove the brick store of Ehringhaus Bros & Co. at the south end and also bridge across the river at that point to Front street.

The excessive outlay which the report seemed to necessitate for the carrying out of this scheme dumfounded the Fathers, and they very wisely refused to consider the proposition as thus put.

Our Water street friends, however, were determined to have two bites at the cherry and came back with a counter proposition to open up the north end of the street only, the property owners whose damages had been assessed as follows: Thomas Pailin $10,000, E. F. Aydlett $1,000 and J. B. Flora $1,500, agreeing to waive said damages, the south end of said street to be opened up whenever practicable.

The proposition in this form went to the Fathers, there were only four of the seven present, and met with a divided vote, Messrs Pendleton and Anderson voting for and Messrs Sawyer and Davis against the question as put. Mayor T. B. Wilson cast the deciding vote with the affirmative.

So now at last the Water street people have seemingly won and said street is to be opened up "practically without cost to the city." Did you ever hear such rot? Who is to construct, grade and pave the new street, who is to build a suitable bridge across the river, no small space, at the cost of thousands of dollars, who is to tear down the market house and donate the site thereof? The answer is obvious—the city, the already overtaxed people.

The question then arises "cui bono"—for whose benefit is this thing to be done? Who are to be helped thereby? You can count them on the fingers of one hand? Of what advantage is it to the general public that a new path should be made to Rome—the trading place of a few merchants?

Can the town that seems unable to afford water-works and sewerage, the town that is quibbling over the question of voting a few thousand dollars for a new railroad, afford to sink thousands in a such as scheme as this?

The measure was passed by our local law makers by a close vote in a bare quorum. Let them ponder well this measure. At their next meeting they should reconsider their present hasty action. The public at large will not stand for such an imposition. Our Democratic friends are fond of preaching the rights of the many against the few, the poor against the rich. Let them here put into practice their own teachings.

THE CAROLINIAN, as a representative of popular interest, voices its indignant prosest against the proposed measure.

It looks as if Judge Clark has o'er reached himself, and that he will hardly be "placed in command of the army".

The Vice of Nagging.

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c. South Mills Drug Co, South Mills, N. C., and all druggists guarantee satisfaction.

Iron In the Sixteenth Century.

The cost of the railings around St. Paul's cathedral (claimed by several Sussex parishes, but really made at Lamberhurst, a parish partly in Kent) is recorded in the account books of the manufactory as having been £11,202 0s. 6d. The total weight was 200 tons. The amount of employment given may be conjectured from the statement of Richard Woodman, one of the Marian martyrs burned at Lewes in 1557, that he had set a hundred persons to work for the year together.—London Spectator.

Would Smash the Club.

If members of the "Hay Fever Association would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady, and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles, 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free at South Mills Drug Co, South Mills

THE NEW RAILROAD.

The new railroad is now practically assured. The Elizabeth City & Western will come. Elizabeth will have a new artery of transportation and trade.

The Zimmerman water-frontage on Front street, the purchase of which by Hon. T. G. Skinner is announced in another column, has been selected by the railroad. The city Fathers have decided to condemn a street along the canal to this site from Purse street, with the end in view of donating a part of said street as a right of way to the railroad. Fifteen miles of the right of way out of the twenty-three from this city to Bosley, where the new railroad will strike the Suffolk and Carolina, have already been donated.

It is believed that $15,000 will cover all damages of procuring the entire right of way, including the Zimmerman frontage which Mr. Skinner has purchased to donate to the railroad under the assurance that Elizabeth City will reimburse him, as it should, for his expenditure.

APPLICANTS FOR PIE.

The following list embraces the names of the local democratic applicants for the pie counter:

For Senator: P. W. McMullan, P. H. Williams and W. L. Cohoon,

For Representatives: J. B. Walston, J, W. Stokely, R. W. Turner, B. F. Gunn, J. C. Commander and Alex Armstrong.

For Sheriff: N. G. Grandy and Chas Reid.

For Treasurer: W. A. Foster, F. M, Grice, J. B. Ferebee, N. R. Parker and R. H. Commander,

For Clerk: W. H. Jennings and J. C. Brooks.

For Register of Deeds: J. C Spence and W. M. Hinton.

Let the fur fly—there is prospect of a jolly good scrap.

A NEW INDUSTRY

The oyster season is over and the canneries have closed. THE CAROLINIAN understands that next season the John Boyle Co will engage in the canning of fruit and small vegetables here, thus following in the foot-steps of the Bell factory, which is canning peas and is endeavoring to induce our farmers to cultivate tomatoes which it also hopes to can. If our agriculturists would awaken to the possibilities thus opened to them, a home market and an almost continuous crop, good results would assuredly follow. In the North and East canneries make money, though they there have a working season of not more than one month, while in the South the season can last from May to December without a week in which small berries, fruits and vegetables cannot be canned and marketed.

A telegraphic communication received here yesterday announced the sudden death of Capt. "Hodge" Gallop of the life saving service Wednesday of diabetes. Mr. Gallop was an able officer, president of the Surfmen's Association of this district, and popular with all who knew him. THE CAROLINIAN chronicles his death with sorrow.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxatave Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day No Cure, No Price 25cents.

Thousands of white men were disfranchised by the poll-tax provision

The News & Observer has another pipe dream. This time it is Aycock for the Vice-Presidency.

Animal Intelligence.

In a circus in Paris a lion was given some meat shut up in a box with a lid to it, and the spectators watched to see whether the lion would open the lid or crack the box. He did the former, much to the gratification of the company.

In the London "Zoo" a large African elephant restores to his would be entertainers all the biscuits, whole or broken, which strike the bars and fall alike out of his reach and theirs in the space between the barrier and his cage. He points his trunk straight at the biscuits and blows them hard along the floor to the feet of the persons who have thrown them. He clearly knows what he is doing, because if the biscuit does not travel well he gives it a harder blow.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of
Always Bought

You Know What You Are Taking.

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure No pay. 50c.

Notice.

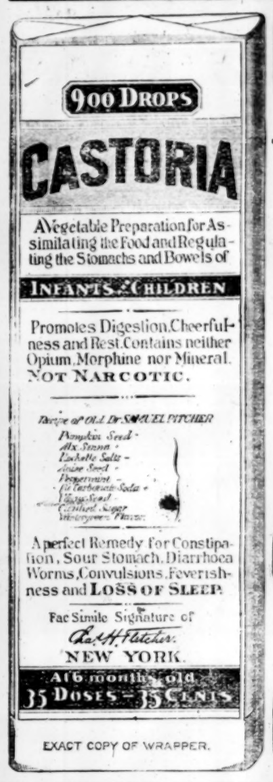
"The North Carolinian" having passed into other hands, all receipts for subscription and advertising to April 1, 1902 and all other receipts for money paid to the estate of the late Palemon John must hereafter bear the personal signature of the executrix.

ELLA V. JOHN.

pril 9, 1902.

FOR SALE!

FOR SALE—One word Ho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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of OLD DR SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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Agents.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

Having qualified as Executrix of the late Palemon John I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

ELLA V. JOHN,
Executrix.

March 14, 1902.

Republican State Convention.

Greensboro, N. C., Apr. 5—A state convention of the republican party of North Carolina is hereby called to meet in the city of Greensboro on Thursday, August 21, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon.

Said convention is called for the purpose of nominating candidates for chief justice and two associate justices of the Supreme court, ten Superior court judges, one railroad commissioner and a superintendent of public instruction, and for the consideration of other business.

The chairman of the several county committees are requested to call conventions in their respective counties in accordance with the plan of organization for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention.

By order of the committee.

J. C. PRITCHARD,
Chairman.

D. C. Pearson,
Secretary.

The Best Prescription for Malaria.

Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—No Pay. Price 50c.

A Double Runaway.

"They have a new coachman at the Rippenbangers."

"What's the matter with the old one?"

"He let the horses run away."

"Did they run far?"

"Clear out into the suburbs."

"Anybody with him?"

"Yes, Mamie Rippenbanger. She and the coachman haven't got back yet."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can obtain patent in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

Paul J. Bungart,

o——ARCHITECT.——o
Room No. 2 in Citizen's Bank Bldg.
ELIZABETH CITY, - - - N. C.

M. B. Culpepper, & Son.

Groceries
—AND—
Confectioners.

Corner Road and Ehringhaus Streets.

Our stock is always fresh. Corned Hams, Shoulders and Pork always on hand during cold weather.

We deal in every article kept in a first-class retail Grocery.

Call and examine our stock.

Free deliver of goods to any part of the city.

Phone 58. E. City, N. C.

FULMER & WHITEHURST

(Successors to Fulmer & Co.,)

Have increased their assortment of the choicest Fruits, Confections, cakes, Breakfast Bacon, Heinz's Mince-meat Preserves and Apple-butter, New Raisins and Turkish layer Figs; Largest assortment of Canned Meats, Salmon and Sardines, Imported Olive Oil, Extra quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables such as Peaches, Plums, Pears, Pineapple, Apricots and White Cherries, Extra fine Sugar Corn, French Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, Rhubarb and Succotash; also, neat variety of Cereal and Health Foods, Oatmeal, Wheatflakes and Breakfast Foods.

We will appreciate a share of your trade. Our prices are right and we can please you.

Telephone 17.

F. H. ZIEGLER,

Successor to John H Ziegler,
Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CHAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The best Hearse in this Section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metallic Caskets a specialty. All kinds of Cabinet Work done

A complete commentary of 21 vols. on the Old Testiment. An outline or homiletic suggestion on every possible text. Publishers' price $60.00 will sell cheap.

TAILORING

An exclusive stock of high class fabrics for evening and half dress.

New Spring AND Summer Samples.

Suitings, Trousering,

Your order placed now will receive my promptest attention.

A choice line.

C. RAULFS,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

33 Main St. Elizabeth City, N. C.

A POINTER

We are doing the grocery business of this city? We are at the present time enjoying the best grocery trade we've had for years. There must be a reason for it. Nowhere in the district will you find a more complete Grocery store. We have made a specialty of the

GROCERY

business for years. Each succeeding season finds us in better shape to please you in this line of merchandise. We are branching out—growing better and better all the time.

W. J. WOODLEY.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

WILL YOU RIDE?

IF SO COME TO US FOR A

BUGGY.

Every piece of material that goes into one of our vehicles is the very best. We have a reputation for fine work, and we give our patrons the worth of their money.

Elizabeth City Buggy Company

YOU SAVE MONEY

By using only the best material in your building ventures. Our Flooring, Ceiling, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Siding, and in fact, all building materials are of the

A No. 1 ORDER.

We have a reputation to sustain and cannot afford to sell anything but the best. All communications receive prompt attention. Fish and Produce Boxes a specialty.

KRAMER BROS. & CO.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Clothing Facts For Thougthful Men.

A well dressed man is usually a successful man. He has more chances in life than a shabby fellow.

There is no necessity of being shabbily dressed when high grade clothes can be bought for the price paid for cheap, shoddy, poorly made goods.

Our suits are trade makers, and every garment must be satisfactory or money will be refunded.

We make a specialty of our made-to-order department, which is under the charge of an expert.

If you want your clothes to fit, buy them of

M. WEISEL.

18, 20, 22 and 24 Main St.

Norfolk, Va., Write us for information

We buy, sell, or exchange anything you want to sell or buy

Phillips, Ward & Rountree,

Save your Cubanola Bands for Presents

Cubanola Cigar BANDS and Old Virginia Cheroot. WRAPPERS may be assorted

with TAGS from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "STANDARD NAVY," "SPEAR HEAD," "DRUMMOND" NATURAL LEAF, "GOOD LUCK," "BOOT JACK," "PIPER HEIDSIECK," "NOBBY SPUN ROLL," "J. T.," "OLD HONESTY," "MASTER WORKMAN," "JOLLY TAR," "SICKLE," "BRANDY WINE," "CROSS BOW," "OLD PEACH AND HONEY," "RAZOR," "E. RICE, GREENVILLE," "TENNESSEE CROSSTIE," "PLANET," "NEPTUNE," "OLE VARGINY," and TRADE MARK STICKERS from "FIVE BROTHERS" Pipe Smoking Tobacco, in securing these presents, ONE TAG being equal to TWO CUBANOLA CIGAR BANDS or TWO OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOT WRAPPERS.

MANTEL CLOCK Enameled Half hour Gong strike 1200 BANDS
MATCH BOX Metal 50 BANDS
WATCH Nickel 400 BANDS
WATCH Solid gold (14 Karat fine) 10,000 BANDS
WATCH Sterling Silver 2000 BANDS
TOILET SET Sterling silver trimmings 1600 BANDS
COFFEE SET 5000 BANDS TRAY 2200 BANDS
RAZOR Hollow ground Best English steel 100 BANDS
POCKET KNIFE (KEEN KUTTER) Rosewood handle Best steel 150 BANDS
SHEARS 8" Best steel 150 BANDS
REAL TOOLS
ENOUGH TO BUILD A HOUSE
POCKET KNIFE Best steel Stag handle 140 BANDS
POCKET KNIFE Best steel Stag handle 130 BANDS
POCKET KNIFE Best steel Stag handle 80 BANDS
TOOL SET 1300 BANDS
SCISSORS 4½ IN 50 BANDS
POCKET KNIFE Rosewood Handle 50 BANDS
KNIVES & FORKS 6 of each 12 DOZ BANDS
BUTTER KNIFE 120 BANDS Shell design
SIX TEASPOONS Shell design 300 BANDS
SIX TABLESPOONS Shell design 500 BANDS
DRESS SUIT CASE Leather 14" wide 6" deep 24" long 2000 BANDS
HAND BAG Alligator 18" In Leather Lined 2400 BANDS
BASE BALL League 200 BANDS
SAFETY RAZOR AND STROP 500 BANDS
CARVERS Buckhorn handles 400 BANDS
REMINGTON RIFLE No4 22or32 Calibre 1600 BANDS
TOOL HANDLE & TOOLS 280 BANDS
KNIVES & FORKS Six each Steel - Buckhorn handles 500 BANDS
SEWING MACHINE 4000 BANDS
NUT SET Cracker and six picks 160 BANDS
TRUNK Canvas Covered 3000 BANDS
MARLIN REPEATING SHOT GUN Take down 12 guage 4000 BANDS
COLTS REVOLVER Blued Steel 3000 BANDS
FIRE PROOF SAFE Inside 10"-10"-15" 500 lbs 5600 BANDS
TRAVELLING BAG 18" Combination 3600 BANDS
LADYS SILK UMBRELLA 26" Guaranteed 1400 BANDS
MARLIN MAGAZINE RIFLE Take down 30/30 Calibre 4000 BANDS
REVOLVER Automatic Ejector 1200 BANDS
WINCHESTER MAGAZINE RIFLE Take down 16 shot 22 Calibre 3600 BANDS
CHILDS SET Knife Fork & Spoon 90 BANDS
MANDOLIN (Washburn) 3200 BANDS
GUITAR (Washburn) 3200 BANDS
BICYCLE Standard make 5000 BANDS
BABY HAMMERLESS PISTOL Pearl Stock 800 BANDS with Rubber Stock 600 BANDS
GRAPHOPHONE 10 Inch Nickeled Horn (One Tune Record) 1800 BANDS

The above illustrations represent the presents to be given for

Cubanola 5¢ Cigar Bands

WRITE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY on outside of package containing BANDS or WRAPPERS, and forward them by registered mail, or express prepaid. Be sure to have your package securely wrapped and properly marked, so that it will not be lost in transit. Send bands or wrappers and requests for presents (also requests for catalogues) to C. Hy. Brown, 4241 Folsom Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE of presents for 1902 includes many articles not shown above. It contains the most attractive list of presents ever offered for bands and wrappers, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.

Our offer of presents for bands and wrappers will expire November 30, 1902.

American Cigar Company

My Knowledge of the Human Eye

is based upon hard study and practical experience, this helps greatly in giving you just the kind of glasses you need. We make no mistakes, and are never out of a particular number of lense, so you run no risk by coming here.

Hathaway,

Eyesight Specialist

EXAMINATION FREE

DIRECTORY

THE CITY.

Mayor, T. B. Wilson; Aldermen, M. N. Sawyer, Dr A. L. Pendleton, W. M. Baxter, J. E. Culpepper, B. Fearing, Cord Davis and Louis Anderson. Clerk and Tax Collector, R. G. Whitehurst Treasurer, J. B. Ferebee; Chief of Police, W. C. Dawson; A. C. Bell Assistant, J. C. Scarborough and Wilson Brothers Police; Attorney, H. W. McMullan; Street Commissioner, J. F. Weeks; Fire Commissioners, Jas. Richardson; Health Officer, Dr John D. Gregory; Sexton Master, J. Mollin.

Collector of Customs—W. C. Brooks, Sr.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church St.

CHURCHES.

Methodist, D. H. Tuttle pastor; Baptist, C. W. Duke, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, Rector; Presbyterian, J. Spencer Smith pastor.

Methodist Episcopal on Pearl street: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. T. S. Davis, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services at Court House every Sunday morning and night.

COLORED—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor Connection; Z. H. Berry, pastor Olive Branch M. W. Norman, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge paster; Antioch, Presbyterian; S. P. Smith, pastor

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Thomas E. Palmer, George D. Sheriff and W. J. F. Spence; Sheriff and Keeper, St. B. White. J. F. Newbold, keeper of Alms House.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, J. C. Sperry; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S. L. Sheep; Board of Education: J. C. Commander, Charles Reid and E. V. Davenport; Coroner, Dr Isaiah Fearing; County Physician, Dr A. J. Aydlett, surveyor, J. C. Perry.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Pres.
Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Stop A Minute!

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a godd quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled Address F. G. Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C.

He Knew.

She—How beautifully Miss Heavyweight dances! She doesn't seem to touch the floor sometimes!

He (whose feet are still suffering from the last polka with her)—She doesn't!—Punch.

Can't Keep it Secret.

The splendid work of Dr. King's New Life Pills is daily coming to light. No such grand remedy for Liver and Bowel troubles was ever known before. Thousands bless them for curing constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Jaundice and Indigestion. Try them 25c at South Mills Drug Co, South Mills, N. C. and all drug stores.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, May 8th, 1902.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

The large fountain of the Standard Pharmacy is now fizzing merrily.

How about the Y. M. C. A? Has the mob rage already subsided?

Remember Pawnee Bill is the attraction here on the 12th.

Last evening, a tented aggregation, The Great Southern Minstrels. Not so bad for a minstrel show.

Miss Graham, one of Salisbury's (N. C.) handsome daughters, is the guest of Miss Margarette Hollowell, of Bay Side.

Our town authorities trot out the street sprinkler only on special occasions. What is the reason for this thusness? The people paid for the old thing, now let's see its work.

Martin street is being improved. It looks as if our street commissioners blessed be his memory, is, with due precaution, slowly moving southward.

Three negroes were convicted of murder at the May session of Windsor court and are to be hanged on August 1st.

Lieut. Daniels leaves for a trip of inspection of the life-saving station along the coast today. While absent he will deliver eight medals to heroes of the surf, presented by the government.

Strawberries are in the market. Our local truckers are, however, we are sorry to say, "not guilty."

Miss Lillie Grandy, one of the city's brightest and most capable young ladies, has returned home from the Oxford Seminary, where she occupies a position in the faculty, for her summer vacation.

THE CAROLINIAN acknowledges calls during the week from Mr. R. I. Hassell and J. C. Meekins Sr. of Columbia, and Capt G. A. Hussey of Gum Neck. Our latch string is always out.

Mrs. Dewey of, Hartford, Conn., formerly Miss Vick Pool of this city, is visiting her sister, Mrs. John P. Overman on Shepard street.

Miss Estelle Crowson and sister, Miss Jessie left Friday for an extended visit in the central and western portion of the state.

Miss Bessie Morgan, a charming little lady of Shawboro, was the guest of Miss Greenleaf on Main street during the past week.

When you want a barrel of good Flour try A. F. Toxey & Co's "I X L."

To Cure a Cold in one Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W Grove signature is on each box. 25c

We reiterate that Elizabeth needs a public library and needs it at once. Greensboro has just received $30,000 from Carnegie. Wake up brethren.

The immense stock of Jones, Raper & Co., bankrupt, has been purchased by Mr. R. J. Mitchell of the Bee Hive. Mr. Mitchell's bid was 65 per cent on the cost price.

The time granted for the filing of bond by the street railway company, represented by C. M. Ferebee, attorney, to secure its covenants has been extended to June. Is is believed that the rival interests respectively represented by attorney Ferebee, and attorney G. W. Ward will get together on a mutual deal by that time.

There was a delightul little german given at the Academy of Music Thursday evening. The local orchestra furnished the music. Several out-of-town couples were in attendance. Lunch was served to the many revelers "after the ball was over" at Hill's cafe.

The Baxter property, the purchase of which by a syndicate was announced in our last issue, is to have the advantage of modern improvements. The central avenue, a continuation of Church street, is to be macadamized, arc lights are to be installed and sanitary developments are to follow.

The Rose of Sharon is the latest flower to make its appearance in the journalistic field. The Rose blooms semi-monthly. The Rose is a religious blossom reared in Methodism and emits a decidedly anti saloon perfume. The Rev. D. H. Tuttle is the editorial gardener of The Rose.

The Zimmerman water frontage of 150 ft on Front st. was last week purchased by T. G. Skinner of Hertford' consideration $10,000. The Hon. T. G. evidently believes that this is the site the Elizabeth City & Western will make choice of. The property thus transferred was purchased by Mr. Zimmerman some fifteen years ago for $450.

The masonic goat was on the rampage Tuesday night, A Knigh Templars' branch of the masonic organization was founded in this city. Prominent Knights from a number of North Carolina towns and from Norfolk were present. A banquet was the order of the evening. In the language of one member. "It was a great spread and a warm session" It was not until the old town clock chimed 3 a. m. that the last toast went 'round.

"Our bonsted contemporary" seems to have taken the utterances of The Economist as to the matter of circulation very much to heart. In its last issue our friend gave the retort a la Tillman—the lie direct—and confounds the local newspaper world with a $20 challenge "in gold" to back its assertions. Well! Well! how seriously we do take ourselves.

The new telephone company, the Bell people, are making extensive changes in the services. Miss Kate Engle, formerly with Jones, Raper & Co. accepts a position with the company, as does also Mr. Joe Greenleaf.

We note that State Oyster Inspector Webb, has at last, thanks to the press, been aroused from his long sleep. At Manteo recently 18 men were arrested for violations of the oyster laws, and there are others. THE CAROLINIAN has repeatedly called attention to the fact that these laws were being violated, that the prolific oyster-beds of these waters were being damaged beyond repair. Something must be done and done quickly to protect our oyster industry.

Two or three men of means are not Elizabeth City, though they may think so. The public wants the new railroad and intends to have it, and will stand with Mr. Skinner in the last ditch if necessary to fight therefore. The money-bags, some of them at least, seems to fear that increased transportation facilities would injure the present monopoly of trade which they enjoy. Out, out, on such a spirit.

The question of the site for the public building has been virtually decided. The Treasury Department at the instance of the committee recently appointed by the Chamber of Commerce of this city recommended that the present site be sold for what it would bring on the market and a new site purchased, also that the increased appropriation be granted. The committee on Public Buildings, however, modified this recommendation, and the measures as passed increases the appropriation for said building from $100,000 to $120,000, provided the said building be located on the site now owned by the government. The idea is to hereby set a precedent for all future cases, the committee taking the view that the purchasing and selling of sites means in every case a loss to the government.

Mrs. Clara Bradford, one of the most aged and popular ladies of our city, passed over the mysterious river into the land of the great Perhaps, Monday. The funeral occured on the 6th. The body was interred in the Episcopal cemetery. Mrs. Bradford was in the 87th year of her age. Her death was painless, she passed from the sleep of tired nature to the sleep eternal. She was a lady of bright and sunny disposition. Her friends were many and devoted. During her last days, though the weight of years was beginning to bear heavily upon her, she still bore up cheerfully. The deceased leaves two children, Mrs. W. W. Griggs and Mr. D. B. Bradford, both of this city. 'Tis a good woman gone.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought

ON A WHEEL the rider frequently meets with disaster. A very handy and efficient doctor to have with you when an accident happens is a bottle of Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Ulcers or Running Sores

need not become a fixture upon your body. If they do it is your fault, for

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

will thoroughly, quickly and permanently cure these afflictions. There is no guess work about it; if this liniment is used a cure will follow.

YOU DON'T KNOW how quickly a burn or scald can be cured until you have treated it with Mexican Mustang Liniment. As a flesh healer it stands at the very top.

WE NEED YOU

IN OUR BUSINESS!

If you're not a customer of ours you should be. We are going to keep after you until we get you. After the first purchase you'll come again. The

GROCERY

business is our only business, and we endeavor to treat our customer so satisfactorily that our sales increase every week. We always have the variety and our guarantee goes with all sales.

LOVE, EVANS & Co.

WATER ST. (No. 32 and 34.) ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Your Doctor Fights Disease with

MEDICINE.

If the medicine is not right he cannot conquer the disease. If the druggist does his duty the medicine will be right, and your physician will send a fair chance of winning the victory. You can help your doctor by having your prescriptions filled here. If it is not convenient to bring them, 'phone us and we will send for them.

STANDARD - PHARMACY.

POINDEXTER ST. (NEAR CENTRAL HOTEL.)

HEYWOOD BABY

Carriages and Go-Carts

Are the Ones That give satisfaction
They embody all the improvements:

Nutless Axles,
Patent Wheel Locks,
Dust Proof Hubs,
Rubber Hub Tips,
All Metal Gear,
Enamel Finish.

Beautiful Upholsteries and Parasols

Go Carts have large bodies and the best Adjustment ever Made.
If You are interested in the best come in and examine them.
Prices to Suit Every Purse.

P. W. Melick.

No Chance For Him.

"Now that we are engaged," said the fair young thing, "I will tell you that I do not fear mice."

"That is nice," said the prospective groom.

"And," continued the fiancee, "I can drive nails without hitting my thumb, and I know how to use a paper cutter without ruining a book; and I can add a row of figures without making a separate sum for each consecutive figure; and I can build a fire; and I can tell when a picture is hung straight on the wall."

Here the man drew himself up with much dignity and sorrow and cried:

"Then I cannot marry you, alas!"

"Why?" gasped the girl.

"What prospect is there for my ever being able to demonstrate the superiority of man over woman if I marry a woman who possesses such traits of character as you?"—Baltimore American.

Damascus.

Damascus is 2260 feet above the sea level, and the population is estimated all the way between 250,000 and 500,000. There has never been a census. It is, however, much less than formerly. It is believed that there were as many as 2,000,000 population as far back as the seventh century, when it was the capital of the world.—Chicago Record-Herald.

High life doesn't exactly fit a man for a celestial career.

It doesn't take dynamite to blast hopes.

Eat Parsley After Onions.

"Parsley," said the restaurateur, "removes the smell of onions."

He frowned portentously at a waiter who had dropped a plate of ice cream on the red carpet. "Excuse me, won't you?" he asked, and went and whispered something passionately in the waiter's ear. On his return he resumed:

"Yes, you may eat a bushel of onions and a little parsley taken afterward will leave you so that Sherlock Holmes himself would be unable to say what you had been feeding on. That is the truth, and I wish more people were aware of it. For onions, which are the most wholesome things in the world, would be as popular as they are wholesome if this matter of the parsley were more widely known.

"Another thing," went on the man, "old cheese, melted slightly, makes mince pie digestible. You may be a confirmed dyspeptic, but if you will spread on the top crust of your mince pie a thin layer of rich old English cheese, I promise that you may eat the pastry without any aftermath of remorse and pain."—Philadelphia Record.

Rather Inappropriate.

The best-intentioned act, the sweetest charity, may be marred by a lack of tact. A lady was distributing tracts to the patients in a certain military hospital, when she was greatly shocked to hear a soldier laughing at her. She turned around indignantly to reprove him, when he said: "Why, look here, madam, you have given me a tract on the sin of dancing, when I've had both legs shot off."—Success.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

How Truly the Great Fame of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Justifies Her Original Signature.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

It has cured more cases of **Backache** and Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors.

Irregular, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yields to it.

Womb troubles, causing pain, weight, and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water.

It quickly removes that **Bearing-down Feeling,** extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, **Dizziness, Faintness,** sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, or some derangement of the Uterus, which this medicine always cures.

Kidney Complaints and Backache of **either sex** the Vegetable Compound always cures.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

Capsicum Vaseline

Put up in Collapsible Tubes.

A Substitute for and Superior to Mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica.

We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints.

A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "It is the best of all your preparations."

Price, 15 cents, at all druggists, or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail.

No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

CHEESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING CO.,
17 State Street, New York City.

Colorado Beats the World
IN SUGAR BEETS.

Six Million Dollars have just been invested in sugar factories. Four Million more will be invested this year. The best posted sugar men of the world are buying immense acreage for sugar beets. Colorado took first prizes at Chicago exhibit last month for highest tonnage per acre, and highest percentage of sugar, being over twice as much as some States. We are offering a few shares of stock for sale in The Colorado Sugar Mfr. Co. The first and only sugar stock offered to the public. The company owns one of the most modern and complete refining plants in the world, situated in a district where the highest price is paid for sugar in the Country. Local capitalists have subscribed Five Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars in cash. This is an opportunity of a lifetime. Factory is built and paid for. Fonfull particulars write to

WM. GELDER & CO.,
29 Broadway, New York, or Exchange Building, Denver, Colo.

Good enough for anybody!

ALL HAVANA FILLER

"FLORODORA" BANDS are of same value as tags from "STANDARD NAVY," "JOLLY TAR," "U. T.," "SPEARHEAD," "VINCO" and "STAR" Tobacco.

His Wedding Present.

Here is the letter sent by a Topeka man with a present to a bride in Chicago: "My Dear Girl: You will find in the box a thingamajig which has something to do with eating grub off a table. I don't know what it is. It looks like a cross between a harpoon and a hayfork. It may be for spearing pickles, or it may be for stacking chopped cabbage. I am so old-fashioned that I don't know; you will be so happy you won't care." — Kansas City (Mo.) Journal.

Altitude of Wood Growth.

The vine will not grow at a greater height than 2300 feet above the sea, nor the oak above 3350 feet. The fir, however, flourishes up to nearly 7000 feet.

"I Want Everybody to Know How Completely It Cures Indigestion."

This shows the unselfish disposition of Mr. Hodge, of Orchard Cottage, Ippleden, Newton, who, having been cured by Vogeler's Compound, wishes every other sufferer to know of the benefit he has received from this marvellous remedy. He tells his story as follows:—

"Gentlemen—I find Vogeler's Compound a remedy above all others; last year I was in a thorough bad state of health, and could hardly drag one leg after the other. I had tried dozens of remedies advertised to cure indigestion and all its attendant evils, but was rapidly going from bad to worse, when I had the good fortune to be recommended to take Vogeler's Compound. I did so, and am thankful to say it made a new man of me. I should like other people to know its virtues, and how completely it knocks under the worst forms of indigestion and dispepsia.

(Signed) "GEORGE H. HODGE.

Vogeler's Compound is the greatest remedy of the century for all stomach disorders and liver and kidney troubles in both men and women. A free sample bottle will be sent on application to the proprietors, St. Jacobs Oil, Ltd., Baltimore, Md.

Why is It

That St. Jacobs Oil always affords instant relief from pains, after all other remedies have signally failed? Simply because it is peculiar to itself, wholly unlike another remedy. It possesses great penetrating power, reaching the very seat of the disease. It acts like magic. It conquers pain quickly and surely. It is an outward application, and is used by millions of people.

Money for You.

Our 800 acres are in the center of the greatest illuminating oil fields on earth. This guarantees us dividend paying wells. Stock now 2 cents a share. Advances May 30th to 3 cents a share. A 50 per cent rise on a 30 day investment. Telegraph or write. Prospectus free. Best financial reference given.

THE CHARTER OAL OIL CO.
608-609 Mack Block, Denver, Colo.

$ $ $ $ $ $.

NO HUMBUG 8 PERFECT INSTRUMENTS in 1
Humane Swine T, Stock Marker and Calf Dehorner. Stops swine of all ages from rooting. Makes 4 different ear marks, all sizes, with same blade. Extracts Horns. Testimonials free. Price $1.50 or send $1 cution trial; if it suits send balance. Pat'd Apr. 23, 1901.
FARMER BRIGHTON, Fairfield, Iowa.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

PARDONED BY THE KING

The American Naval Officers in Prison at Venice Released.

THEIR VERSION OF THE TROUBLE

Declared That They Were Not Intoxicated When the Disturbance Occurred—A Probable Court-Martial After the Official Reports Are Received by the Navy Department—Officers on Chicago

Venice.—The pardon granted by King Victor Emmanuel to the officers of the United States cruiser Chicago, who have been imprisoned here, arrived, and the prisoners were released without delay.

In an interview, the officers warmly repudiated the reports from Rome that they were under the influence of wine at the time of the trouble, and said that on the contrary, they were perfectly sober.

Lieutenant Doddridge said:

"After the accidental upsetting of a table in a cafe by myself and a companion at 11 o'clock at night, we were followed and attacked by a mob, and two municipal policemen appeared on the scene. I, with my open hand, motioned to the crowd to keep off. The police then seized us, but the mob continued to be so threatening that our brother officers and a marine who happened to be on the piazza, ran to our rescue. We acted only in self-defense, and against a large, hostile crowd. We did not strike the police. Doubtless misunderstanding of the two languages had something to do with the trouble.

"We have been allowed to remain together in prison, but the room in which we have been confined swarmed with insects."

After their liberation, the officers joined their ship, and the Chicago left Venice.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary of the Navy Moody has received the following cablegram from Captain Dayton, of the Chicago, dated Venice:

"Party released on pardon from King, and are on board."

Nothing further can be done here in the case of the accused officers until the full investigation and report of Captain Dayton supply the facts. Neither the State nor the Navy Department is officially informed as yet of what actually occurred at Venice. In the usual course any court-martial on a station is ordered by the commanding officer thereof—in this case Captain Craig of the Albany—but the Secretary of the Navy may himself order a trial if the facts warrant such action.

"UNCLE SAM'S" HOME SOLD.

Original of the Title Was Samuel Wilson, of Nason, N. H.

Nason, N. H.—The Wilson homestead, the birthplace of the original "Uncle Sam," has been sold at auction for $1500. The purchaser was Captain Orren A. Hamblett, of Washington.

"Uncle Sam" was Samuel Wilson, the eldest of twelve children, born on this farm. During the second war with England he and his brother Edward were contractors for Government supplies at Troy, N. Y. It was the Wilsons' idea to label their beef and pork packages "U. S.," and as Samuel Wilson was generally called "Uncle Sam," the Army quickly referred to the supplies as "Uncle Sam's." This title quickly was applied to the Government and after the war was used everywhere in that sense. Samuel Wilson died in Troy in 1854, aged eighty-eight years.

The farm was sold by reason of the death of the last member of the family. It was owned by a Wilson for 122 years.

MOODY SUCCEEDS LONG.

the Oath Administered to Him as Secretary of the Navy.

Washington, D. C.—William Henry Moody has succeeded John D. Long as Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Moody took the oath of office in the private room of the Secretary of the Navy, E. P. Hanna, Solicitor of the Department, administering it. He then met the bureau chiefs, other officers of the Department and the clerks, who at the same time said goodby to Mr. Long. Afterward the naval attaches of foreign embassies and legations paid their respects to the new Secretary. Mr. Long left Washington for his home in Hingham, Mass.

Secretary Long and Mrs. Long called on the President and Mrs. Roosevelt to say goodby before leaving Washington for Massachusetts.

FATAL TEXAS TORNADO.

Struck a Town, Killing and Injuring Many and Destroying Property.

Dallas, Texas.—A special from Granbury, Texas, confirms the report of damage caused at Glen Rose by a tornado. One additonal death occurred, making a total of eight. Three of the fifty-seven other victims are fatally injured.

In Glen Rose thirty-three buildings were totally demolished, and more than 100 persons are homeless and destitute of food or shelter. Relief parties, accompanied by physicians, went with supplies.

The tornado devastated farm property and crops north of Glen Rose for a distance of five miles, and for seven miles south.

Coinage at the Mints in April.

The coinage executed at the mints of the United States in the month of April amounted to $7,131,898. Of this $3,480,315 was in gold, $3,388,273 in silver and $263,310 in nickel and bronze pieces.

Speaker Henderson Renominated.

D. B. Henderson, Speaker of the House of Representatives, was renominated at the Third District convention, in Waterloo, Iowa. The nomination was unanimous, Mr. Henderson's opponent having withdrawn.

Treason Costs Russia Dear.

It is reported that the Russian Government has decided to rebuild the fortifications on the German and Austrian frontiers, at a cost of about $210,000,000. This action is necessary in consequence of Colonel Grimm's betrayal of the plans of the existing Russian fortresses.

Peasants Burned a Chateau.

Revolted peasants in Russia have burned the chateau of the Duke of Oldenbourg and ruined his estate. The troubles in Russia are growing more and more serious.

President at the Naval Academy.

President Roosevelt has personally handed his diploma to each member of the graduating class at the Naval Academy, at Annapolis, Md., and he addressed the class as a whole upon their duties as officers of the United States Navy.

Poisoned Herself and Children.

Mrs. John L. Kingsbury, wife of the foreman of a laundry, poisoned her two children, aged eight and twelve years, respectively, and herself, at Denver, Col. All are dead. Despondency is given as the cause.

MEAT TRADE FALLING OFF

Chicago Packing Houses Find That Their Business is Paralyzed.

Attributed to the Agitation Against the Beef Trust—Depreciation in Cattle Values Runs Into Millions.

Chicago.—One of the largest packers in the business and admittedly one of the best posted cattlemen in the United States, said:

"Business is the worst I ever saw. It is simply paralyzed. In fact, there is no business at all for the packing houses. If this agitation and falling off in consumption continues, I don't know what will happen. Certain it is that if the agitation continues the worst is yet to come."

When returns begin to come in from the Far West the great reduction in consumption, with the consequent depreciation in cattle values, it is asserted, will run into the millions.

General Manager A. G. Leonard, of the Union Stock Yard Company, expressed regret at the downward turn of the market. "This is the most threatening break that our market has suffered in months," said he, "and, occurring as it does, under only normal supplies for this time of year, can be attributed only to the enormous curtailment in the demand for meats that has resulted from widespread agitation of this 'Beef Trust matter.'

"The business of the packing concerns has already been injured by the limitations placed upon it by the reduced demand for meat. It is, however, within the power of the packing companies to reduce their forces and to regulate their business to the immediate and prospective demands of the trade. It will, in fact, become a necessity. In that case the packer will suffer moderately by the limitation of his business, while the farmers and feeders of live stock through dozens of States will suffer tremendous losses by depreciation in the value of their live stock."

BUTCHERS AWED BY THE TRUST.

Missouri Attorney-General Finds It Hard to Get Evidence.

Kansas City, Mo.—E. C. Crow, Attorney-General of Missouri, and his assistant, S. B. Jeffries, arrived in this city from Jefferson City, to get evidence to prove that there is a Packing House Trust. Mr. Crow said:

"There is a Beef Trust operating in Missouri, and we can crush it by law if the retail butchers will help the Attorney-General and myself to get evidence.

"However, the butchers that I met here fear the power of the packers, and for that reason it is very difficult for me to get the evidence that is needed."

AMOS J. CUMMINGS DEAD.

Pneumonia, Which Followed an Operation in Baltimore, Proved Fatal.

Baltimore, Md.—Representative Amos J. Cummings, of New York, died here in the Church Home and Infirmary. He came here from Washington in the middle of April to undergo an operation. This was entirely successful and he was well on his way to recovery, when he was attacked with pneumonia The end came peacefully.

Mr. Cummings was always a Democrat, and was a member of Tammany Hall. He first was elected to Congress in 1886. He had been a member of that body ever since, serving eight terms.

CENSUS OFFICE CLERK DEFAULTS.

Admits His Accounts Are Short $7400 in Consequence of Speculation.

Washington, D. C.—H. A. Barrows, the disbursing clerk of the United States Census Office, has been summarily removed in consequence of the discovery of a shortage in the accounts of his office. Barrows was subjected to rigid examinations by Director Merriam and Chief Clerk McCauley, and he gave the amount of his discrepancy as $7400, and attributed the trouble to speculation.

The Government is amply secured from loss by bonds aggregating almost $300,000.

CARNEGIE PLANS MORE LIBRARIES

New List of Twenty to Which He Will Give $1,000,000.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Just before his departure for Scotland, Andrew Carnegie announced to W. N. Frew, President of the Board of Trustees of the Carnegie Institute, while in New York City, that he had completed a new list of twenty libraries which he will give to various cities in the United States.

The latest list of gifts will amount to over $1,000,000, and the libraries will be in cities below the third class There are no large gifts in the list, and the institutions will range in price from $20,000 to $75,000.

WORLD'S FAIR POSTPONED.

The Executive Committee Has Changed the Date of Exposition to 1904.

St. Louis, Mo.—The World's Fair has been postponed till 1904. Virtually this is the effect of action taken by the Executive Committee of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company. Fifty-one directors of the exposition signed a telegram to President Carter, of the National World's Fair Commission, requesting him to secure the introduction of an amendment to the Sundry Civil bill now pending in the Senate providing for the postponement of the exposition. There will be no cessation of construction work.

Crowninshield Sails For Europe.

The battleship Illinois, Captain Converse, sailed from New York City with Rear-Admiral A. S. Crowninshield on board to take command of the European station and to take part in the naval ceremonies at the coronation of King Edward.

New Consul in Guayaquil.

President Roosevelt has sent the nomination to the United States Senate of Thomas Nast, of New Jersey, to be Consul-General in Guayaquil, Ecuador. Mr. Nast is the famous cartoonist.

Minor Mention.

Mississippi has no game laws.

The Spanish war veterans will meet in Detroit, Mich., in September.

Kansas City (Mo.) horse and mule trade last year amounted to $25,000,000.

The quarterly target practice of the North Atlantic Squadron cost $178,000 for ammunition.

There has arrived in Paris a man named Hassan Ali. He is seven feet six inches in height.

The Kaiser is actively engaged in creating a demand for potatoes to help his farmer subjects.

Paris is to spend $30,000 in telephone connections between the different police stations and headquarters.

Experts predict that 1,500,000 visitors may be expected to appear in the streets of London during coronation week.

Vesuvius has taken to emitting vapor saturated with hydrochloric acid, which, failing as "rain," has done grave damage to vegetation.

The woolen as well as the silk industry of France and the hosiery industry in German are said to be suffering severely from American competition.

THE MARKETS

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2¼c. per quart.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western, extra,$	—	@	23
Firsts	22	@	22½
Seconds	21	@	21½
State dairy tubs, extra	—	@	22
Imitation creamery	18	@	21
Factory, fancy	19	@	20
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	12	@	12¼
Small	13	@	13¼
Part skims, good to prime	7	@	8½
Full skims	3	@	3½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	17	@	18½
State and Penn	17	@	18½
Western—Choice	16¾	@	17¼
Southern—Choice	15¾	@	16½
Duck eggs	17	@	20
Goose eggs	18	@	20
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice	2 17½	@	2 20
Medium, choice	—	@	1 70
Pea, choice	1 75	@	1 80
Red kidney, choice	—	@	2 15
White kidney, choice	1 95	@	2 00
Yellow eye, choice	2 15	@	2 20
Lima, Cal	2 65	@	2 75
Green peas, bags	1 02½	@	1 05
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Winesap, per bbl	3 75	@	4 50
Ben Davis, per bbl	3 50	@	4 00
Baldwin, per bbl	3 00	@	4 50
York, Imperial, per bbl	3 50	@	4 50
Roxbury, russet, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Strawberries, per qt	8	@	20
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb	—	@	11
Roosters, per lb	—	@	7
Turkeys, per lb	10	@	11
Ducks, per pair	60	@	80
Geese, per pair	75	@	1 12
Pigeons, per pair	35	@	40
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	8	@	13
Fowls, Western, per lb	9	@	12
Broilers, Phila., per lb	30	@	37
Ducks, per lb	14	@	15
Geese, per lb	10	@	11
Squabs, per dozen	1 50	@	2 50
HOPS.			
State, 1901, choice, per lb	10	@	10½
Common to medium	15	@	17
1900, choice	13	@	14
Pacific coast, 1901, choice	18½	@	19
1900, choice	13	@	14
1900, common to prime	10	@	12
Old odds	4	@	7
FURS.			
Red fox	3 00	@	5 00
Gray fox	75	@	1 00
Marten	2 00	@	12 00
Skunk, black	1 30	@	1 40
Skunk, striped	40	@	50
Raccoon	1 20	@	1 50
Opossum	12	@	60
Mink	2 80	@	4 50
Muskrat	9	@	18
Muskrat, kits	—	@	3
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb	—	@	90
No. 1, per 100 lb	82½	@	87½
No. 2, per 100 lb	75	@	80
Clover mixed, per 100 lb	60	@	70
Clover, per 100 lb	50	@	55
Straw, long rye	75	@	80
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Me., seed, per sack	—	@	3 25
N. Y. State, per sack	2 50	@	2 75
Sweets, N. J., per bbl	3 00	@	5 00
Cabbage, State, per crate	1 50	@	1 75
Turnips, per bbl	—	@	1 50
String beans, per crate	1 25	@	2 25
Egg plant, per box	2 00	@	3 00
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 50	@	2 50
Spinach, per bbl	1 00	@	1 25
Celery, per case	1 25	@	3 00
Lettuce, per bbl	2 00	@	2 50
Kale, per bbl	75	@	90
Squash, per crate	75	@	1 25
Beets, per 100 bunches	3 00	@	7 00
Carrots, per 100 bunches	4 00	@	5 00
Peas, per basket	75	@	1 50
Parsley, per basket	—	@	1 50
Asparagus, per doz. bunches	75	@	4 00
Radishes, per 100 bunches	1 50	@	2 00
Shallots, per 100 bunches	—	@	75
Sprouts, per bbl	50	@	75
Rhubarb, per 100 bunches	1 50	@	2 50
SUNDRIES.			
Beeswax, prime, per lb	30	@	31
Honey, State, Clover, per lb	12	@	15
Maple sugar, per lb	6½	@	9
Maple syrup, per gal	70	@	80
GAME.			
Wild ducks, canvas, per pair	1 50	@	3 00
Redhead, per pair	75	@	2 00
Mallard, per pair	40	@	60
Teal, per pair	30	@	50
Snipe, Southern, per doz	2 00	@	2 25
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 85	@	4 05
Spring patents	4 10	@	4 30
Wheat—No. 1 N. N. Y.	—	@	82⅞
No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	84⅛
No. 2 red	87½	@	90⅛
Corn—No. 2 white	69⅜	@	71⅝
Oats—No. 2 white	—	@	52¼
Track mixed	48	@	49
Rye—Western	63¾	@	64¼
State	61	@	62
Lard, city	9.10c.	@	10.00c.
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	9½	@	11
Calves, city dressed	7½	@	10
Country dressed	8	@	10
Sheep, per 100 lb	5 00	@	5 50
Lambs, per 100 lb	7 00	@	7 60
Hogs, live, per 100 lb	6 30	@	7 30
Country dressed, per lb	7¼	@	10

WEATHER AFFECTS BUSINESS.

Produces Erratic Fluctuations in Prices, According to Locality.

New York City.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "Versatile weather has produced erratic fluctuations in prices and affected business very differently, according to locality."

Bradstreet's says: "Despite, and, indeed, partly because of, marked irregularities in weather conditions, and extreme temperatures, accompanied by deterioration in the winter wheat crop of the Southwest, general business and speculation have been of a very full volume for this season of the year."

Mills Taxed to Their Capacity.

Mills and factories with very few exceptions are taxed to their capacity to meet demands for prompt deliveries of their products, and there is no sign of early abatement of this general activity among the industries.

Seasonable Volume of Business.

Commercial conditions continue generally favorable. There is a full seasonable volume of business in all branches, and sustained strength in values of leading farm products and manufactured goods.

Condition of the Oat Crop.

Oats have made favorable growth in the Southern States and are generally improved in Missouri and Illinois. Poor stands are reported from Nebraska, and germination has been unsatisfactory in Michigan and Pennsylvania.

Rain and Snow Aid Fruit Crops.

It is not thought that any damage to fruit crops will result from the recent frosts. In the fruit districts of Idaho, Colorado and Utah the temperatures did not sink low enough to do much harm and the rain and snow coming at this time of year will, it is expected, prove a great benefit.

European Crop Outlook.

The crop news from Europe is generally favorable, and has had a tendency to restrain a development of strength in foreign prices proportioned to that exhibited in domestic markets.

Potato Price Advances in Chicago.

Prices of potatoes have advanced to $1 a bushel in the Chicago wholesale market. The present price is the highest since August, when they sold at $1.25.

Building Operations Active.

There is increased activity in building operations, and the consumption of structural material is large beyond precedent.

Georgia Crops All Prospering.

A week of splendid spring weather has advanced the crops wonderfully in Georgia.

Does British Farming Pay?

An apparently flourishing farmer was asked the other day by an inquirer into the state of British agriculture, what his usual profits were. He made the unexpected reply that he had not made a penny for five years. What he meant was that he had put nothing by. He had kept his horses and his carriages, gone about when and where he would, and lived, as they say, well. All these personal and household expenses were not reckoned, but he was solemnly of the opinion that his five years' farming had shown no profit. This method of economic reckoning is still occasionally found among farmers. Some of them keep no account of personal or even household expenditure, and there are others who spend too much on luxuries. It is by avoiding this mistake that several laborers who have risen to be farmers have succeeded where the farmer born has failed. It is commonly acknowledged in the Midland counties, where farming is not more posperous than in other places, that the "working farmers" earn a good living. Those who fail are either poor farmers or undertake farms of a greater extent than they can personally supervise. This experience bears out Mr. Rider Haggard's contention that the encouragement of fifty or sixty acre holdings would in nearly all places confer a benefit on the community. It is absurd that ground rented at 85 an acre should not pay its way adequately.—London Globe.

It Was a Monkey.

I was invited along with other Europeans on the beach to one of the biggest plays that have been seen in Opobo. At the feast all kinds of fish, fowl and soup, cooked after the native fashion were served. Every one thoroughly enjoyed the feast until, near to the finish the chaser (dessert) was brought in. This dish they called palm-oil chop. While it was being served there rolled out of the vessel what to all appearance was a human skull. Suddenly all the Europeans turned pale, as though suffering from an acute attack of seasickness, and the symptoms they developed were identical, for that dinner would not stay down. The chief in alarm inquired what had made his friends so ill. One of the sufferers, whose eyes protruded from their sockets, and afraid to trust himself to speak, placed his handkerchief to his mouth and jerked his thumb in the direction of the skull. The chief grasped the situation, and with unaffected concern tried to comfort his sick guests by saying: "It be all right. He be no man; he be monkey."—Chambers's Journal.

The Swedish Mile.

The Swedish mile, with 11,700 yards, is the longest used in Europe. The Russian verst, with 1165 yards, is the shortest.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The consumption of flour in the United States is about one barrel a year to every man, woman and child in the country.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Germany raises more potatoes than any other European country.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

There are as many different dialects spoken in China as in Europe.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

Few of us are so busy helping others that we can't stop to help ourselves.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

China raises and consumes more ducks than any other country in the world.

Tired Out

"I was very poorly and could hardly get about the house. I was tired out all the time. Then I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and it only took two bottles to make me feel perfectly well."—Mrs. N. S. Swinney, Princeton, Mo.

Tired when you go to bed, tired when you get up, tired all the time. Why? Your blood is impure, that's the reason. You are living on the border line of nerve exhaustion. Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and be quickly cured. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Cascarets 10c 25c. 50c. 41 CANDY CATHARTIC BEST FOR THE BOWELS Druggist

Genuine stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk
Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50 UNION MADE.

Sold by 63 Douglas Stores in American cities, and the best retail shoe dealers everywhere.

Caution! The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on the bottom.

Notice increase of sales in table below:

1899 — 448,706 Pairs.
1900 — 898,182 Pairs.
1901 — 1,259,754 Pairs.
1902 — 1,566,720 Pairs.

Business More Than Doubled in Four Years.

THE REASONS:

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes placed side by side with $5.00 and $6.00 shoes of other makers are found to be just as good. They will outwear two pairs of ordinary $5.00 and $6.00 shoes.

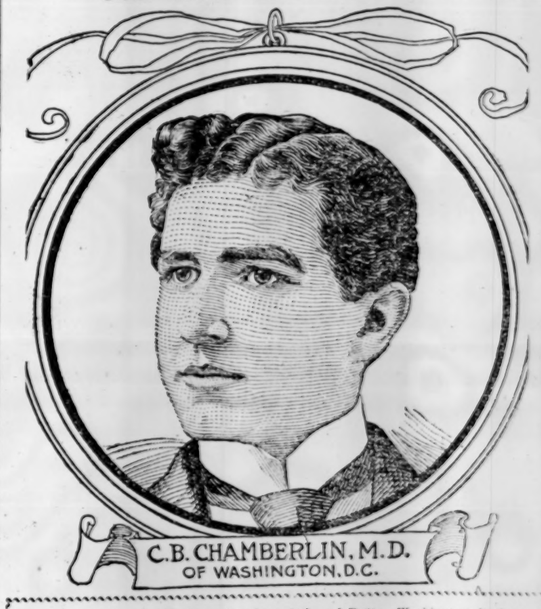
Made of the best leathers, including Patent Corona Kid, Corona Colt and National Kangaroo.

Fast Color Eyelets and Always Stand Tacks.

W. L. Douglas $4 "Gilt Edge Line" cannot be equalled.

Shoes by mail, 25 cts. extra. Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PROMINENT PHYSICIANS USE AND ENDORSE PE-RU-NA.



C. B. Chamberlin, M. D., writes from 14th and P Sts., Washington, D. C.:

"Many cases have come under my observation, where Peruna has benefited and cured. Therefore, I cheerfully recommend it for catarrh and a general tonic."—C. B. CHAMBERLIN, M. D.

Medical Examiner U. S. Treasury.

Dr. Llewellyn Jordan, Medical Examiner of U. S. Treasury Department, graduate of Columbia College, and who served three years at West Point, has the following to say of Peruna:

Dr. L. Jordan.

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from your wonderful remedy. One short month has brought forth a vast change and I now consider myself a well man after months of suffering. Fellow-sufferers, Peruna cure you."—Dr. Llewellyn Jordan.

Geo. C. Havener, M. D., of Anacostia, D. C., writes:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Gentlemen—"In my practice I have had occasion to frequently prescribe your valuable medicine, and have found its use beneficial, especially in cases of catarrh."—George C. Havener, M. D.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

ALABASTINE A Durable Wall Coating

NOT A KALSOMINE

"Paugh! Use your nasty decaying kalsomine? No, sir! ALABASTINE is what I asked for and what I want."

Forms a pure and permanent coating and does not require to be taken off to renew from time to time. Is a dry powder, ready for use by mixing with cold water.

TO THOSE BUILDING

We are experts in the treatment of walls. Write and see how helpful we can be, at no cost to you, in getting beautiful and healthful homes.

ALABASTINE COMPANY, Grand Rapids, Mich.

FALLING HAIR

Prevented by Shampoos of CUTICURA SOAP and light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath,